

https://tax.iowa.gov

Nam	ne(s): Soc	cial Security Number:
You •	May Use this Form? may use the short method for calculation of underpa You did not make any estimated payments; or You paid the same amount of estimated tax on each	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
•	must use the regular method to calculate your IA 227 You made any estimated payments late; or You choose to annualize your income for IA 2210	
meth	e: If any payment was made earlier than the due date nod, but using it may cause you to pay a larger penal a few days early, the difference is likely to be small.	
1.	Enter the amount from 2019 IA 1040, line 53	1
	Enter 2019 IA 1040, lines 59, 60, 61, and 62, total re-	
3.	Balance: Subtract line 2 from line 1	3
4.	Multiply line 3 by 90% (0.90). If less than \$200 STO complete this form	
5.	Enter 2018 lowa tax amount before surtax less refur federal AGI plus bonus depreciation/179 adjustment all other lowa net income decoupling exceeds \$150, filing separate), enter 110% of your 2018 lowa tax	from IA 1040, line 14, and 000 (\$75,000 if married
6.	Enter the smaller of line 4 or line 5	6
7.	Enter the total of 2019 lowa withholding and estimat IA 1040, lines 63 and 64	
8.	<ul> <li>Tax balance to calculate IA 2210S: Subtract line 7 fr</li> <li>If less than \$200, STOP! You do not owe IA 2210</li> <li>If line 8 is \$200 or more, continue to line 9.</li> </ul>	
9.	Multiply line 8 by .046448. If full payment was made line 9 is your IA 2210S penalty. Enter this amount or	
	<b>Note:</b> If full payment was made before April 30, 202 through 14 to calculate your IA 2210S penalty.	0, complete lines 10
10.	Enter line 8 above or the amount of estimated taxes	paid, whichever is less 10.
11.	Enter the number of days from date of payment to A	pril 3011
12.	Multiply line 11 by line 10	12
13.	Multiply line 12 by .00019126	13
14.	Balance: Subtract line 13 from line 9. This is your IA Enter this amount on the IA 1040, line 71	



#### 2019 IA 2210S Instructions

## Who may file 2210S?

If you are an individual taxpayer other than a qualifying farmer or fisher, you may be able to use this form to determine whether your income tax was sufficiently paid throughout the year by withholding or by estimated payments. If payments were not sufficient, you may owe a penalty.

Each individual required to make estimated payments must file an estimated payment under his/her name and Social Security Number. The IA 2210 penalty must also be calculated separately by each individual for filing status 3 (married filing separately on a combined return) and filing status 4 (married filing separate returns).

### **How to Avoid Underpayment Penalty:**

You may avoid underpayment penalty if estimated payments for 2019, made on or before the required dates for payment, plus lowa tax withheld for 2019, are equal to the lesser of:

- 90% of the tax shown on the 2019 return; or
- 100% of the tax shown on the 2018 return if your 2018 federal AGI plus any bonus depreciation/section 179 adjustment from line 14 of the IA 1040 and all other lowa net income decoupling is \$150,000 or less (\$75,000 or less for married filing separate federal returns); or
- 110% of the tax shown on the 2018 return if your 2018 federal AGI plus any bonus depreciation/section 179 adjustment from line 14 of the IA 1040 and all other lowa net income decoupling is greater than \$150,000 (or greater than \$75,000 for married filing separate federal returns).

Your 2018 return must have covered a period of 12 months.

# Filing an Estimate and Paying the Tax, Calendar Year Taxpayers:

The form IA 1040ES is used to estimate and mail your quarterly tax payments. Estimated tax payments are due on the last day of April, June, and September of 2019, and final payment by January 31, 2020.

**Note:** If any date shown falls on a weekend, federal holiday, or legal holiday as defined in lowa Code section 4.1(34), substitute the next regular business day.

# **Waiver of Penalty:**

The underpayment of estimated tax penalty may be waived if the underpayment was due to casualty, disaster, or other unusual circumstances. The penalty may also be waived if you retired at age 62 or later, or became disabled in the tax year for which the estimated payments were required, and such underpayment was due to reasonable cause and not to willful neglect.

### **Farmers and Fishers:**

If two-thirds of your gross income is received from farming or fishing, different rules apply. See the instructions for the IA 2210F form.

**Note:** As a result of flooding across Iowa during 2019, the Director of the Iowa Department of Revenue issued a series of orders granting extensions of time for taxpayers in certain counties to file returns and make estimated payments. If you live in one of the counties for which an extension was granted, you may apply the extension deadline, rather than the standard deadline shown in the chart above in determining when your payment was due. The orders providing the full lists of affected counties and describing which types of payments and other filings the extensions cover may be found at <a href="https://tax.iowa.gov/2019-flooding">https://tax.iowa.gov/2019-flooding</a>.