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Name(s)		SSN	SSN		
Part	t I: Sale of Timber				
1.	Timber address (include a	general descriptior	of the location)		
2.	Ownership period a. Date acquiredb. Date sold				
3.	Length of holding period		Years 3a	Months 3b	
4.	Explain how the purchaser	intends to use the	timber		
5.	Was the gain from the sale of timber reported under IRC section 1231? No □ Sale is not eligible for lowa capital gain deduction. Stop. Yes □ Continue to Part II, line 1.				
Part	: II: Details of Timber Sold E	Excluding Land Va	alue		
1.	Is the capital gain from a C No □ Continue to Par Yes □ Continue to par	t II, line 3.			
2.	Was the capital gain recognized under IRC 331 or IRC 338? No □ Sale is not eligible for lowa capital gain deduction. Stop. Yes □ Continue to Part II, line 3.				
3.	Are you the sole owner of this property? Married filers, see instructions. No □ Continue to Part II, line 4. Yes □ Enter 100% on Part II, line 4.				
4.	Enter taxpayer's ownership percentage of the total property sold to the nearest one tenth of one percent (for example 65.2%)4 %				
5.	Provide all other owner nam	e(s)			
_					
6.	How did the taxpayer acqui	re the property? (o Raised □		oly) -kind (IRC 1031)Exchange □	
	Purchase □	Gift □		er □ (Explain):	
7.	Provide all purchaser name((s)		· /	
	Is the capital gain from an installment sale? No □ Continue to Part II, line 9. Yes □ Enter the property installment sale information: a. Start date				
	d. Capital gain received by the taxpayer in tax year 20218d. \$				
9.	lowa capital gain deduction gain deduction claimed for	. Enter the amoun	t of the taxpayer'	s capital	

Instructions for 2021 IA 100D – Iowa Capital Gain Deduction Sale of Timber

The Iowa capital gain deduction is subject to review by the Iowa Department of Revenue. The Department will use this form to verify that the taxpayer(s) qualifies for the deduction. The Department may request additional information if needed.

This completed form must be included with the IA 1040 to support the lowa capital gain deduction claimed. Complete a separate IA 100D for each sale of timber. Complete the form each year of a qualifying installment sale, including all parts.

For taxpayers filing separately on the same return, each spouse must complete an IA 100D for the lowa capital gain deduction claimed based on the spouse's ownership percentage. Flowcharts to assist in determining if a gain qualifies are also available in the expanded instructions online. For more information on the lowa capital gain deduction, see the instructions below and lowa Administrative Code rule 701—40.38.

Part I: Sale of Timber

Line 1. Enter the address or legal description from where the timber was or will be harvested. If providing a legal description, also provide a general description of the property location in relation to a major road or town and the county.

Line 2. Enter the acquisition date and sale date for the timber, as indicated in supporting documentation.

Line 3. Enter the length of the holding period in years and months. The holding period must be at least 12 months to qualify for the lowa capital gain deduction. If the ownership period indicated in Part I, line 2 is less than 12 months, include a separate statement explaining why the ownership period differs from the holding period.

Line 4. Explain how the purchaser intends to use the timber (for example: "Lumber", "Christmas Trees"). For more information see lowa Administrative Code rule 701—40.38(6).

Line 5. Check the box to indicate whether the taxpayer reported the capital gain under IRC section 1231.

Part II: Details of Timber Sold Excluding Land Value

This deduction is only available for capital gains realized on the sale of cut timber or a

contract to cut timber and not the value of associated land.

Line 1. Check the box to indicate whether the capital gain is from a C corporation.

Line 2. Indicate whether the C corporation capital gain was from the liquidation of assets which are recognized as a sale of assets under IRC section 331 or from certain stock sales which are treated as an acquisition of assets under IRC section 338.

Line 3. If married filing jointly and both spouses are the only owners, check yes. If married filing separately and both spouses are owners, check no; each spouse must complete an IA 100D and indicate on line 3 the separate ownership percentage of that spouse.

Line 4. Enter the taxpayer's ownership percentage of the property sold at the time of the sale to the nearest one tenth of one percent (for example: 50.0%; 33.3%). If not the sole owner, the taxpayer's ownership percentage must be less than 100% and greater than 0%.

Line 5. Enter the names of all persons and entities that owned the property at the time of sale. If the capital gain flowed through to the taxpayer from a partnership, S corporation, limited liability company (LLC), estate, or trust, all owners of the entity must be reported.

Line 6. Check all boxes that indicate how the taxpayer acquired the timber. If "Other", explain how the taxpayer acquired the timber.

Line 7. Enter the names of all persons and entities that purchased the timber.

Line 8. Check the box to indicate whether the capital gain comes from an installment sale. If "Yes," enter the date of the first installment, the expected date of the final installment, the total capital gain generated by the sale, and the capital gain the taxpayer received during tax year 2021. Do not include any interest received.

Line 9. Enter the amount of the taxpayer's capital gain deduction claimed. Note that the deduction applies to the net capital gain from a sale. Any nonrecaptured losses are treated as ordinary income and are not eligible for the lowa capital gain deduction. The eligibility of the lowa capital gain deduction reported here may be subject to further examination by the Department.