

Retail Sales and Use Taxes Annual Report Fiscal Year 2019

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IOWA DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE SALES AND USE TAXES ANNUAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR 2019 TABLE OF CONTENTS

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Forward

Each fiscal year, July 1 to June 30, a quarterly Retail Sales and Use Tax Report is published for each of the four quarters ending September 30, December 31, March 31, and June 30. This Retail Sales and Use Taxes Annual Report encompasses data for all four fiscal year 2019 quarters, covering sales between July 1, 2018 and June 30, 2019. Quarterly statistical summaries are also provided on the Department's website.

Tax Collection Distributions: In FY 2019, \$3.0 billion in tax was reported on sales and use tax quarterly and annual returns filed with the Department of Revenue (see Table 1). Of that tax, 79.3% was reported on retail sales tax returns, 17.3% on retailer's use tax returns, and 2.6% on consumer's use tax returns and 0.8% on Remote Seller returns (see Figure 1). There was a decrease in the share associated with retail sales and consumer use sales (remitted by taxpayers who purchase from retailers with no nexus), while there was an increase in the share associated with retailer's use sales (remitted by retailers located outside of Iowa with physical nexus) over last year. The remote sellers (remitted by retailers located outside of Iowa that do not have physical nexus in the state) is a new category that began in January 2019. The data recorded on sales and use tax returns and aggregated in this report only reflect the fiscal year in which the economic activity occurred. In contrast, fiscal year cash receipts include payments that represent economic activity in other fiscal years; thus numbers in this report do not equal cash receipts.

Retail Sales Tax Summary: This section contains a brief history of the development of the Iowa retail sales tax, listing some major legislation that changed the Iowa sales tax base. The remaining pages of the section present various retail sales tax statistics.

Retail sales activity by type of business is classified using the 2007 North American Industry Code Classification System (NAICS). In 1999, the Department of Revenue converted many of the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes to the appropriate four digit NAICS code. Where an exact match was not possible, the Department attempted to match as closely as possible with the NAICS codes. These tables match presentations of sales and use tax data in prior annual reports. However, between the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2013 and the first quarter in fiscal year 2014 the Department reviewed the business class codes assigned to retailers in the sales and use tax database. In that review, approximately 12 percent of retailers were reassigned to a different business class code to more accurately reflect the type of business in which the business is engaged. These business classes comprise the business groups presented in several tables, thus these reassigned classes impact tables where data are presented by business group. In addition, the Convenience Stores and Gas Stations business class was moved from the Motor Vehicle group to the Food Dealers group. These changes make data in this report not comparable to reports from FY 2013 or prior years. However, the Department has updated historical taxable sales data to be consistent with the current business groups and posted data by county from FY 2000 through this quarter on data.iowa.gov.

Retail Sales Tax Statistics: This section contains various looks at retail sales tax data including taxes by city population, filing frequency, and taxable sales (see Tables 2 through 8).

The following retail sales tax data are included in the MS Excel file: (1) "Retail Sales by County" provides total returns filed, taxable sales and computed tax as well as a count of unique establishments in the county filing at least one return during the fiscal year. (2) "Retail Sales and Tax by County and City" provides data for all cities in lowa where at least 40 returns were filed during the fiscal year. The "Other" category provides data for all cities in each county not satisfying the minimum return requirement and any retailers located in unincorporated areas. (3) "Retail Sales and Tax by County and Business Group" provides data by 12 business groups for each county. Breakouts are provided for each business group within a county where at least 20 or more returns were filed in a fiscal year. An "S", representing "Suppressed", is used for any business group that does not have at least 20 returns filed. (4) "Retail Sales and Tax by Business Classification" provides state-wide data by the 12 business groups further broken out into 82 business classifications. In order to protect the confidentiality of individual businesses, information for any business classification with less than 20 returns filed during the fiscal year are aggregated and put in the "Unclassified" category in the "Miscellaneous" group.

Use Tax Summary: This section begins with a history of the development of the Iowa Use Tax followed by a summary of the various types of use taxes.

Use Tax Statistics: This section contains retailer's use and consumer's use tax receipts in Tables 9 through 11.

The MS excel workbook contains the following use tax data (1) "Retailer's Use Tax by Business Class" provides sales by out-of-state retailers to lowa taxpayers by the 12 business groups further broken out into 82 business classifications. In order to protect the confidentiality of individual businesses, information for any business classification with less than 20 returns filed during the fiscal year are aggregated and put in the "Unclassified" category in the "Miscellaneous" group, (2) "Consumer's Use Tax by Business Class" provides purchases by lowa taxpayers by the 12 business groups further broken out into 82 business classifications. In order to protect the confidentiality of individual businesses, information for any business classification with less than 20 returns filed during the fiscal year are aggregated and put in the "Unclassified" category in the "Miscellaneous" group, (3) "Consumer's Use Tax by County" provides total returns filed, taxable sales and computed tax on returns filed by taxpayers making taxable purchases out-of-state for use in lowa during the fiscal year. In addition, a summary of Local Hotel and Motel Tax Receipts by jurisdiction and Motor Vehicle Use Fees reported by County Treasurers are also included.

Glossary

BUSINESS CLASSIFICATION Business classifications are based on the major type of activity

performed by the business. As a result, business classifications may include sales other than normally suggested by the class title. Classifications are based on the 2007 North American

Industry Classification System (NAICS).

BUSINESS GROUP Consolidation of related business classifications into 12 broader

business groups.

COMPUTED TAX The applicable tax rate times the taxable sales.

CONSOLIDATED FILER A business with multiple locations in Iowa that aggregates sales

tax data over all the locations and files a single sales tax return

per quarter.

NUMBER OF RETURNS A count of all quarterly or annual returns filed by a combination

> of consolidated and nonconsolidated filers during the fiscal year. When state-level data is presented, the number of returns counts each consolidated filer as one return. When county-level and business classification data is presented the number of

returns counts each consolidated location separately.

NUMBER OF

An establishment is each unique location where business is **ESTABLISHMENTS** conducted that filed at least one tax return during the fiscal year. However, the number of establishments includes each separate

location of a consolidated filer even if only one return was filed

for all of those locations.

OTHER Includes all businesses located in unincorporated areas of a

county and those cities with less than 40 returns filed for the

annual report and 10 returns filed for a quarterly report.

TAXABLE SALES Gross receipts plus the value of taxable goods and services

consumed by the business that were purchased tax exempt,

minus the amount of tax exempt sales.

Includes all businesses where less than 20 returns were filed for **UNCLASSIFIED**

the applicable business classification during the fiscal year. These

are included in the "Miscellaneous" business group.

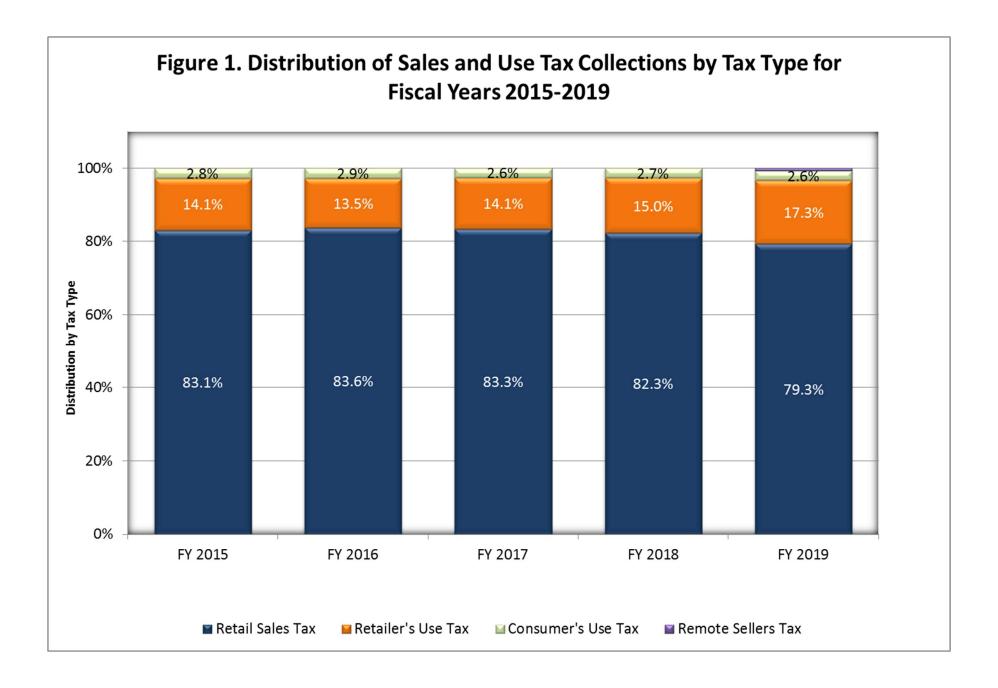


Table 1. Retail Sales and Use Tax Collections by Tax Type in Millions

	FY 2010	FY 2011	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019
Retail Sales Tax	\$1,910.4	\$1,967.5	\$2,064.7	\$2,080.1	\$2,142.3	\$2,242.0	\$2,295.2	\$2,327.3	\$2,349.5	\$2,396.4
Retailer's Use Tax	\$274.7	\$298.4	\$317.1	\$347.0	\$360.2	\$381.6	\$371.2	\$392.9	\$428.4	\$522.0
Consumer's Use Tax	\$54.2	\$61.7	\$66.4	\$66.6	\$67.1	\$75.0	\$78.4	\$72.7	\$78.4	\$79.5
Remote Sellers Tax	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$24.6
FY Totals	\$2,239.3	\$2,327.6	\$2,448.2	\$2,493.7	\$2,569.6	\$2,698.6	\$2,744.8	\$2,792.9	\$2,856.3	\$3,022.5

Note: Collections are based on return data filed by businesses, and are not the same as cash receipts

History of Iowa Retail Sales Tax

A 6 percent tax is imposed on the gross receipts received from the retail sales of tangible personal property in Iowa and from receipts received for the performance of certain taxable services in Iowa. The amount of gross receipts is adjusted by adding the value of goods consumed by businesses that were purchased tax exempt and subtracting the amount of any exempt sales.

The lowa sales tax was first imposed in 1934 at the rate of 2 percent. The tax was imposed only on the gross receipts received from the sale of tangible personal property; the sale of metered gas, electricity, water, and communication services; and the sale of admissions to places of amusement or athletic events. The tax was set to sunset in three years. On April 1, 1937 the tax was made permanent and a use tax was imposed. On July 1, 1955 the rate was increased to 2.5 percent. The rate was dropped back to 2 percent on July 1, 1957 but was increased to 3 percent effective October 1, 1967. The rate was increased to 4 percent on March 1, 1983, and to 5 percent on July 1, 1992. The most recent increase to 6 percent was effective July 1, 2008. The one percent increase to 6 percent is dedicated to school infrastructure and property tax relief, but is set to be repealed December 31, 2029.

Since 1934 there have been many changes to the Iowa sales tax base. Some of the major sales tax base expansions are listed below:

- April 24, 1947: Retail sales tax was imposed on sales of all forms of amusement devices and commercial amusement enterprises.
- January 1, 1966: Extended tax to hotel and motel rooms.
- October 1, 1967: Extended tax to certain services.
- July 1, 1971: Sales of all vehicles subject to registration were made subject to use tax.
- July 1, 1985: An exception to the exemption for food for human consumption was made for candy, candy-coated items, certain beverages, and certain prepared food.

Some of the major exemptions are listed below:

- July 1, 1974: The sales of food purchased for home consumption, prescription drugs, and medical devices were exempted.
- July 1, 1979: Sales by cities and counties were exempted except utility services.
- July 1, 1987: Purchases of certain farm and industrial equipment and machinery were exempted.
- January 1, 2002: Phase out of Iowa sales tax on residential utilities was passed at a rate of 1 percent per year until the phase out was completed January 1, 2006.

Year in Review

Summary of FY 2017 Annual Retail Sales Tax Data

Total retail sales computed tax on returns filed for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019 was \$2,396.4 million, a 1.99 percent increase from the \$2,349.5 million computed in fiscal year 2018 (see Figure 2). The number of quarterly and annual returns filed increased from 292,394 in fiscal year 2018 to 297,948 in fiscal year 2019, a 1.90 percent increase (see Table 7).

Summary of FY 2018 Quarterly Retail Sales Tax Data

The June quarter had the most computed tax, 26.3 percent of the 2019 fiscal year total, with the September quarter second at 26.1 percent (see Table 2).

Table 2. Distribution of Retail Sales Tax Collections by Quarter

	FY 2010	FY 2011	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019
September	25.6%	25.5%	25.3%	25.6%	25.5%	25.7%	25.7%	25.8%	25.8%	26.1%
December	26.1%	26.6%	26.3%	26.4%	26.2%	26.3%	26.1%	26.2%	26.0%	26.0%
March	22.4%	22.2%	22.7%	22.2%	21.9%	22.1%	22.2%	21.9%	22.0%	21.6%
June	25.9%	25.7%	25.7%	25.8%	26.3%	25.9%	26.0%	26.0%	26.2%	26.3%
FY Totals	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Note: Collections are based on return data filed by businesses, and are not the same as cash receipts

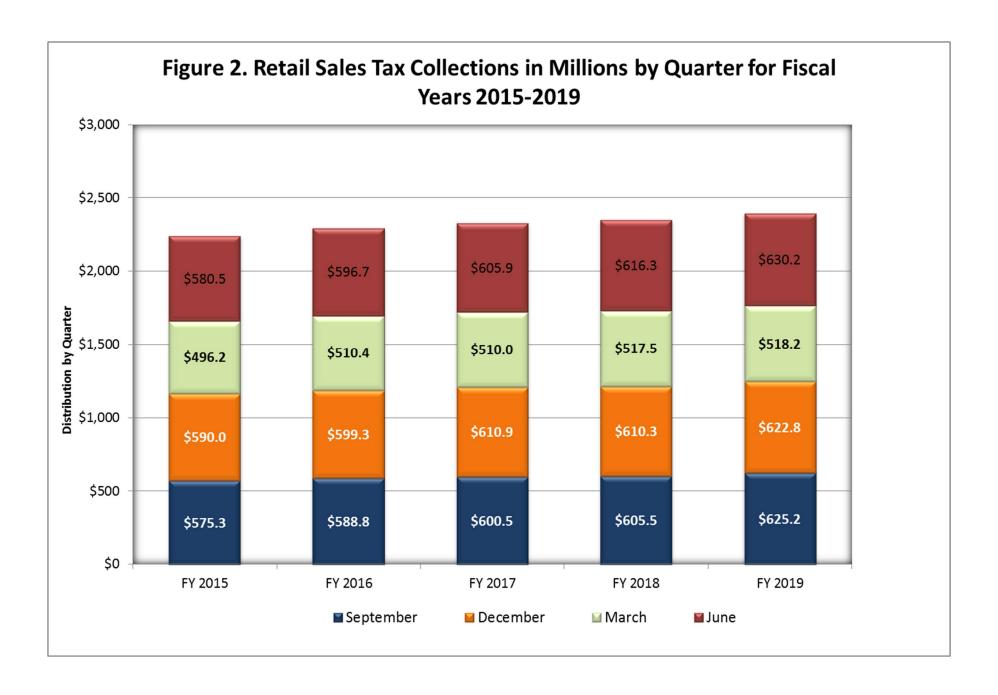


Table 3. Retail Sales Tax by City Population Fiscal Year 2019

City Population	Number of Returns	Percent of Returns	Growth in Returns From FY 2018	Computed Tax	Percent of Tax	Growth in Tax From FY 2018
50,000 and Above	76,785	22.41%	0.54%	\$915,841,233	38.21%	1.06%
25,000 to 50,000	32,890	9.60%	0.81%	\$311,864,396	13.01%	0.37%
10,000 to 25,000	35,285	10.30%	1.37%	\$346,013,225	14.44%	1.88%
5,000 to 10,000	47,178	13.77%	1.13%	\$304,339,304	12.70%	2.20%
2,500 to 5,000	39,668	11.58%	1.88%	\$196,543,969	8.20%	4.53%
1,000 to 2,500	48,131	14.05%	1.94%	\$154,935,554	6.46%	2.85%
500 to 1,000	29,020	8.47%	2.91%	\$78,941,349	3.29%	2.97%
Less than 500	24,770	7.23%	3.20%	\$64,640,897	2.70%	4.33%
Unincorporated Areas	8,948	2.61%	15.35%	\$23,828,912	0.99%	33.01%
State Totals	342,675	100.00%	1.81%	\$2,396,948,840	100.00%	2.02%

Percentages may not equal 100% due to rounding

Table 4. Retail Sales Tax by Filing Frequency Fiscal Year 2019

Color Tou Filing	Number of		Growth in Quarterly or		Distribution of Quarterly or	Cuanth in Tan
Sales Tax Filing Frequency	Quarterly or Annual Returns	Quarterly or Annual Returns	Annual Returns From FY 2018	Computed Tax	Annual Computed Tax	Growth in Tax From FY 2018
Semi-Monthly	36,650	10.70%	3.67%	\$1,497,433,400	62.47%	0.11%
Monthly	96,384	28.13%	1.22%	\$706,535,909	29.48%	4.53%
Quarterly	188,273	54.94%	2.49%	\$185,711,230	7.75%	8.06%
Annual & Other	21,368	6.24%	-4.11%	\$7,268,302	0.30%	22.81%
Total	342,675	100.0%	1.81%	\$2,396,948,841	100.00%	2.02%

Notes:

Semi-Monthly: Businesses that remit more than \$60,000 per year are required to remit tax receipts electronically twice per month the last payment is due when the quarterly return is filed.

Monthly: Businesses that remit more than \$6,000 but less than \$60,000 per year are required to remit tax receipts once per month the last payment is due when the quarterly return is filed.

Quarterly: Businesses that remit more than \$120 but less than \$6,000 per year are required to remit tax receipts with each quarterly return.

Annual & Other: Businesses that remit less than \$120 per year are required to file an annual return.

Table 5. Retail Taxable Sales and Tax
by Amount of Taxable Sales Reported on Quarterly or Annual Returns
Fiscal Year 2019

Amount of Taxable	Number of	To able Cales	C	Percent of
Sales	Returns	Taxable Sales	Computed Tax	Тах
\$0-\$499	71,485	\$3,985,137	\$237,398	0.01%
\$500-\$999	12,605	\$9,250,612	\$552,134	0.02%
\$1,000-\$1,999	18,234	\$26,721,920	\$1,596,868	0.07%
\$2,000-\$2,999	13,495	\$33,356,554	\$1,994,401	0.08%
\$3,000-\$3,999	10,767	\$37,426,817	\$2,238,549	0.09%
\$4,000-\$4,999	8,672	\$38,851,621	\$2,324,050	0.10%
\$5,000-\$9,999	29,977	\$216,104,071	\$12,930,388	0.54%
\$10,000-\$24,999	36,557	\$593,144,824	\$35,498,410	1.48%
\$25,000-\$49,999	25,682	\$926,756,015	\$55,470,873	2.31%
\$50,000-\$99,999	24,229	\$1,739,113,700	\$104,035,880	4.34%
\$100,000-\$249,999	25,342	\$4,010,090,065	\$239,051,698	9.97%
\$250,000-\$499,999	11,072	\$3,843,321,811	\$228,552,898	9.54%
\$500,000-\$999,999	5,332	\$3,670,687,794	\$217,693,583	9.08%
\$1,000,000-\$1,999,999	2,391	\$3,325,534,793	\$198,123,907	8.27%
\$2,000,000-\$4,999,999	1,273	\$3,836,957,465	\$228,756,526	9.54%
\$5,000,000-\$9,999,999	529	\$3,624,753,184	\$217,155,326	9.06%
\$10,000,000 and Above	306	\$14,191,080,121	\$850,735,951	35.49%
State Totals	297,948	\$40,127,136,504	\$2,396,948,840	100.00%

Percentages may not sum to totals due to rounding.

The total number of returns does not equal totals presented in the other tables of the report because consolidated returns are counted as only one return in this table.

Table 6. Total Retail Sales and Exempt Sales by Amount of Total Sales Reported on Quarterly or Annual Returns Fiscal Year 2019

Amount of Total Sales	Number of Returns	Total Sales	Percent of Total Sales	Exempt Sales	Exempt Sales as Percent of Total Sales
\$0-\$499	59,267	\$15,521,188	0.01%	\$409,057	2.64%
\$500-\$999	10,455	\$7,934,526	0.01%	\$574,438	7.24%
\$1,000-\$1,999	15,588	\$23,240,086	0.02%	\$1,924,338	8.28%
\$2,000-\$2,999	11,775	\$29,355,418	0.02%	\$2,611,033	8.89%
\$3,000-\$3,999	9,438	\$33,656,664	0.02%	\$3,223,513	9.58%
\$4,000-\$4,999	7,849	\$36,351,433	0.03%	\$3,743,625	10.30%
\$5,000-\$9,999	27,510	\$200,067,785	0.15%	\$24,259,815	12.13%
\$10,000-\$24,999	34,863	\$570,960,622	0.42%	\$102,867,200	18.02%
\$25,000-\$49,999	26,571	\$964,392,144	0.71%	\$223,862,912	23.21%
\$50,000-\$99,999	25,615	\$1,843,975,781	1.35%	\$461,795,807	25.04%
\$100,000-\$249,999	29,969	\$4,808,776,337	3.53%	\$1,478,430,951	30.74%
\$250,000-\$499,999	15,673	\$5,527,644,114	4.06%	\$2,220,204,550	40.17%
\$500,000-\$999,999	9,592	\$6,741,992,992	4.95%	\$3,433,905,196	50.93%
\$1,000,000-\$1,999,999	5,670	\$8,001,309,400	5.87%	\$5,008,502,677	62.60%
\$2,000,000-\$4,999,999	4,350	\$13,529,579,681	9.93%	\$9,491,275,941	70.15%
\$5,000,000-\$9,999,999	1,925	\$13,639,307,947	10.01%	\$10,122,421,540	74.22%
\$10,000,000 and Above_	1,838	\$80,245,230,725	58.91%	\$63,512,147,746	79.15%
State Totals	297,948	\$136,219,296,843	100.00%	\$96,092,160,339	70.54%

Total Sales = Gross Sales+Goods Consumed

Gross Sales are all sales of a business.

Goods Consumed are goods originally purchased tax free by a business for direct resale or to be incorporated for resale but were used in the course of business or for personal use.

Exempt sales are sales made by the business in which sales tax was not required to be charged.

Taxable Sales=(Gross Sales+Goods Consumed-Exempt Sales)

The total number of returns does not equal totals presented in the other tables.

of the report because consolidated returns are counted as only one return in this table.

Table 7. Retail Sales Tax

by Amount of Tax Due Reported on Quarterly or Annual Returns

Fiscal Year 2019

			Growth in			
	Number of		Returns From		Percent of	Growth in Tax
Amount of Tax Due	Returns	Returns	FY 2018	Computed Tax	Тах	From FY 2018
\$0 - \$24	69,271	23.25%	4.37%	\$176,696	0.01%	1.66%
\$25 - \$49	11,197	3.76%	2.34%	\$414,462	0.02%	2.80%
\$50 - \$99	16,608	5.57%	0.44%	\$1,218,899	0.05%	0.00%
\$100 - \$149	12,621	4.24%	3.13%	\$1,563,424	0.07%	3.07%
\$150 - \$199	10,249	3.44%	-0.31%	\$1,787,790	0.07%	-0.11%
\$200 - \$249	8,392	2.82%	-1.39%	\$1,883,794	0.08%	-1.32%
\$250 - \$499	29,309	9.84%	1.10%	\$10,671,277	0.45%	1.20%
\$500 - \$999	28,585	9.59%	2.30%	\$20,512,546	0.86%	2.52%
\$1,000 - \$1,499	15,655	5.25%	-0.20%	\$19,273,630	0.80%	-0.10%
\$1,500 - \$1,999	10,630	3.57%	-0.27%	\$18,462,711	0.77%	-0.34%
\$2,000 - \$2,499	8,261	2.77%	-0.16%	\$18,516,250	0.77%	0.01%
\$2,500 - \$2,999	6,790	2.28%	2.63%	\$18,621,932	0.78%	2.65%
\$3,000 - \$3,999	10,320	3.46%	0.28%	\$35,838,059	1.50%	0.29%
\$4,000 - \$4,999	7,836	2.63%	-0.50%	\$35,146,321	1.47%	-0.39%
\$5,000 - \$9,999	21,688	7.28%	1.73%	\$154,262,941	6.44%	2.08%
\$10,000 - \$24,999	18,599	6.24%	2.46%	\$288,454,744	12.03%	2.37%
\$25,000 - \$49,999	6,464	2.17%	0.98%	\$222,229,277	9.27%	0.91%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	2,856	0.96%	3.70%	\$195,569,714	8.16%	3.51%
\$100,000 - \$199,999	1,394	0.47%	6.74%	\$189,797,804	7.92%	5.45%
\$200,000 - \$499,999	822	0.28%	-0.48%	\$260,571,387	10.87%	0.25%
\$500,000 - \$999,999	230	0.08%	4.07%	\$154,567,326	6.45%	1.16%
\$1,000,000 and Above	171	0.06%	3.64%	\$747,407,855	31.18%	2.15%
State Totals	297,948	100.00%	1.91%	\$2,396,948,840	100.00%	2.02%

Percentages may not sum to totals due to rounding.

The total number of returns does not equal totals presented in the other tables of the report because consolidated returns are counted as only one return in this table.

Table 8. Change in Retail Sales Tax Returns, Establishments and Computed Tax by Business Group for Fiscal Years 2018 and 2019

	Numb	er of Return	s	Number o	f Establishm	nents	Compu	ted Tax	
			Percent			Percent			Percent
Business Group	FY 2018	FY 2019	Change	FY 2018	FY 2019	Change	FY 2018	FY 2019	Change
Apparel	6,252	6,552	4.80%	1,954	2,024	3.58%	\$58,657,877	\$59,182,582	0.89%
Building Materials	5,592	5,477	-2.06%	1,661	1,612	-2.95%	\$174,519,912	\$175,848,983	0.76%
Eating and Drinking	30,988	31,196	0.67%	8,813	8,894	0.92%	\$263,683,759	\$271,580,570	2.99%
Food Dealers	12,419	12,317	-0.82%	3,446	3,405	-1.19%	\$213,038,925	\$218,290,031	2.46%
General Merchandise	3,112	3,157	1.45%	871	921	5.74%	\$282,539,037	\$276,829,654	-2.02%
Home Furnishings	5,504	5,360	-2.62%	1,677	1,625	-3.10%	\$72,374,219	\$70,783,336	-2.20%
Miscellaneous	49,761	50,407	1.30%	15,640	15,756	0.74%	\$192,895,181	\$203,821,120	5.66%
Motor Vehicle	9,196	9,089	-1.16%	2,743	2,701	-1.53%	\$117,066,546	\$122,646,833	4.77%
Services	127,468	130,089	2.06%	39,792	39,317	-1.19%	\$323,969,559	\$340,737,109	5.18%
Specialty Retail	56,593	56,462	-0.23%	23,120	22,672	-1.94%	\$181,887,499	\$185,213,709	1.83%
Utilities and Transportation	12,973	15,954	22.98%	3,561	4,340	21.88%	\$233,370,763	\$238,522,281	2.21%
Wholesale	16,712	16,615	-0.58%	4,939	4,825	-2.31%	\$235,531,324	\$233,492,632	-0.87%
State Totals	336,570	342,675	1.81%	108,217	108,092	-0.12%	\$2,349,534,602	\$2,396,948,840	2.02%

The number of returns counts total quarterly or annual returns filed by businesses. The number of establishments counts the unique number of businesses that filed at least one return during the fiscal year.

Computed tax equals taxable goods and services subject to the 6% State sales tax multiplied by that rate plus hotel/motel room rentals and qualified construction equipment purchases subject to the 5% State excise tax multiplied by that rate.

History of Iowa Use Taxes

Effective July 1, 2008, Iowa raised the use tax to 6 percent of the purchase price of tangible personal property which is purchased outside of Iowa for use in Iowa. The tax is also owed on taxable services purchased outside of Iowa when such services or the result of such services are used in Iowa.

A use tax was first imposed in Iowa in 1937 in conjunction with the permanent adoption of the sales tax. Since its adoption, the development of the use tax has generally paralleled that of the sales tax both in terms of tax base and rates. Credits are provided, however, against the amount of use tax due in Iowa for any sales, use, or occupational taxes paid to another state.

Iowa use tax is collected under two complementary use taxes: Retailer's Use Tax and Consumer's Use Tax. Beginning July 1, 2008 the Motor Vehicle Use Tax was replaced with a one-time registration fee on new and used vehicles.

- (1) Retailer's Use Tax is collected by registered retailers from the purchaser on the sale of all taxable tangible property and services. Retailers located outside of the State who maintain a place of business in lowa are required to register with the Department of Revenue and collect the tax on all sales made into lowa.
- (2) Consumer's Use Tax is paid by individuals or businesses that purchase taxable goods or services outside of lowa for use in the State. Individuals or businesses that regularly purchase taxable goods or services of property on which the tax has not been paid are required to file a quarterly Consumer's Use Tax return in conjunction with payment of the tax. Individuals who make occasional taxable purchases for use in Iowa are also required to remit Consumer's Use Tax, but do not need to register for a use tax permit.
- (3) A 5 percent one-time registration fee is imposed on the sale of new and used motor vehicles which are subject to registration in Iowa. The tax is imposed on the taxable price which is the delivered price less cash discounts and the value of any traded property. Payment of the tax is made to the County Treasurer where the vehicle is registered. Credits are also provided for sales or use taxes paid on motor vehicles to other states.

Table 9. Iowa Use Taxes Fiscal Year 2019

	Number of	Percent of			Percent of
Business Group	Returns	Returns	Taxable Sales	Computed Tax	Tax
Apparel	768	1.26%	\$176,547,088	\$10,592,825	2.04%
Building Materials	1,100	1.81%	\$156,667,061	\$9,400,024	1.81%
Eating and Drinking	462	0.76%	\$12,103,194	\$726,192	0.14%
Food Dealers	341	0.56%	\$58,959,108	\$3,537,546	0.68%
General Merchandise	177	0.29%	\$71,532,773	\$4,291,966	0.83%
Home Furnishings	1,224	2.01%	\$116,195,646	\$6,971,739	1.34%
Miscellaneous	15,250	25.10%	\$1,251,814,700	\$75,093,966	14.44%
Motor Vehicle	752	1.24%	\$58,386,598	\$3,503,196	0.67%
Services	14,972	24.64%	\$1,899,363,426	\$113,958,104	21.92%
Specialty Retail	14,374	23.66%	\$2,376,722,306	\$142,601,127	27.42%
Utilities and Transportation	2,515	4.14%	\$1,263,507,978	\$75,810,479	14.58%
Wholesale	8,822	14.52%	\$1,226,881,480	\$73,504,001	14.14%
State Totals	60,757	100.00%	\$8,668,681,358	\$519,991,165	100.00%

Computed tax equals taxable goods and services subject to the 6% State sales tax multiplied by that rate plus hotel/motel room rentals and qualified construction equipment purchases subject to the 5% State excise tax multiplied by that rate.

Comparison of Use Taxes Fiscal Year 2018 and 2019

Use Tax	2018	2019	Percentage Change
Retailer's	800	187.5555	
Number of Returns	58,174	60,757	4.44%
Computed Tax	\$428,353,827	\$519,991,165	21.39%
Consumer's			
Number of Returns	26,411	26,745	1.26%
Computed Tax	\$78,401,187	\$79,490,371	1.39%
Motor Vehide			
Number of Units	996,034	965,867	-3.03%
Fee	\$342,484,173	\$350,286,151	2.28%

Table 10. Retailer's Use Tax
by Amount of Tax Due on Quarterly or Annual Returns
Fiscal Year 2019

Amount of Tax Due	Number of Returns	Percent of Returns	Computed Tax	Percent of Tax	Growth in Tax From FY 2018
\$0 - \$24	24,048	39.58%	\$32,547	0.01%	2.78%
\$25 - \$49	1,897	3.12%	\$69,891	0.01%	-0.83%
\$50 - \$99	2,585	4.25%	\$189,459	0.04%	-0.49%
\$100 - \$149	1,833	3.02%	\$226,871	0.04%	3.05%
\$150 - \$199	1,401	2.31%	\$244,947	0.05%	-2.52%
\$200 - \$249	1,213	2.00%	\$271,719	0.05%	-0.79%
\$250 - \$499	4,069	6.70%	\$1,466,281	0.28%	2.70%
\$500 - \$999	4,429	7.29%	\$3,212,519	0.62%	6.24%
\$1,000 - \$1,499	2,617	4.31%	\$3,235,068	0.62%	4.29%
\$1,500 - \$1,999	1,770	2.91%	\$3,073,301	0.59%	3.59%
\$2,000 - \$2,499	1,376	2.26%	\$3,075,654	0.59%	3.23%
\$2,500 - \$2,999	1,108	1.82%	\$3,032,220	0.58%	7.60%
\$3,000 - \$3,999	1,802	2.97%	\$6,252,553	1.20%	7.82%
\$4,000 - \$4,999	1,241	2.04%	\$5,543,996	1.07%	2.57%
\$5,000 - \$9,999	3,369	5.55%	\$23,915,241	4.60%	5.49%
\$10,000 - \$24,999	3,022	4.97%	\$47,825,433	9.20%	9.31%
\$25,000 - \$49,999	1,377	2.27%	\$48,380,370	9.30%	6.27%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	849	1.40%	\$59,936,023	11.53%	16.67%
\$100,000 and Above	750	1.23%	\$310,007,156	59.62%	31.10%
State Totals	60,756	100.00%	\$519,991,249	100.00%	21.39%

Table 11. Consumer's Use Tax
by Amount of Tax Due on Quarterly or Annual Returns
Fiscal Year 2019

	Number of	Percent of		Percent of	Growth in Tax
Amount of Tax Due	Returns	Returns	Computed Tax	Tax	From FY 2018
\$0 - \$24	12,710	47.52%	\$25,970	0.03%	-1.35%
\$25 - \$49	1,502	5.62%	\$54,442	0.07%	6.33%
\$50 - \$99	1,736	6.49%	\$125,958	0.16%	-1.56%
\$100 - \$149	1,206	4.51%	\$148,185	0.19%	0.85%
\$150 - \$199	780	2.92%	\$135,791	0.17%	-10.53%
\$200 - \$249	611	2.28%	\$137,183	0.17%	-16.12%
\$250 - \$499	1,925	7.20%	\$691,288	0.87%	-6.57%
\$500 - \$999	1,670	6.24%	\$1,196,004	1.50%	4.98%
\$1,000 - \$1,499	860	3.22%	\$1,065,365	1.34%	-0.88%
\$1,500 - \$1,999	565	2.11%	\$980,530	1.23%	-0.70%
\$2,000 - \$2,499	379	1.42%	\$845,826	1.06%	-9.93%
\$2,500 - \$2,999	282	1.05%	\$778,572	0.98%	6.74%
\$3,000 - \$3,999	390	1.46%	\$1,349,869	1.70%	-5.47%
\$4,000 - \$4,999	278	1.04%	\$1,243,613	1.56%	0.37%
\$5,000 - \$9,999	741	2.77%	\$5,300,622	6.67%	-5.81%
\$10,000 - \$24,999	673	2.52%	\$10,514,430	13.23%	-4.12%
\$25,000 - \$49,999	229	0.86%	\$7,898,823	9.94%	1.86%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	115	0.43%	\$7,559,778	9.51%	12.50%
\$100,000 and Above	93	0.35%	\$39,438,122	49.61%	2.74%
State Totals	26,745	100.00%	\$79,490,371	100.00%	1.39%